

THE NEW NORTH.

VOLUME 14. NO. 9.

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1896.

TERMS—\$1.50 IN ADVANCE

We try to make the store attractive at all times.

Every day finds a few things that are particularly tempting in price or quality. It is one of our ways of keeping things moving. This weeks story relates to

SHOES

Childrens' Spring Heel School Shoes 9 to 2.....\$1.10
Regular 1.50 Value. Look them over.

Ladies Tan Oxfords.....	.69
Ladies Dongola Tip Oxfords.....	.75
Ladies Epic Tip Oxfords.....	1.00
Ladies Anita Tip Oxfords.....	1.25
Ladies Dongola Tip Oxford, Fine.....	1.50
Ladies Suburban Tip Oxfords White Stitching.....	1.50
Ladies Sequel Tip Oxfords High Grade.....	1.75
Ladies Neenah Tip Oxford Turns.....	1.90
Ladies Neenah Tip Oxford Turns.....	2.10
Ladies Neenah Tip Oxford Turns, Finest.....	2.50

WASH GOODS LEADERS.

Knickerbocker Suiting.....	per yd.	10 cts.
Belfast Cambrics.....	per yd.	7 cts.
Striped Figured Dimities (Rich).....	per yd.	10 cts.
3/4 Percales (Stripes).....	per yd.	7 cts.
Court Royal Piques (Linen Effects).....	per yd.	15 cts.
Banneretts (Good Washable Stuff).....	per yd.	8 cts.
English Organdies (Beautiful).....	per yd.	12 1/2 c.
Henley Dimities (Rich).....	per yd.	15 cts.
Dianah Dimities.....	per yd.	10 cts.
Rejani Dimities (Perfection).....	per yd.	18 cts.
Linen Stripe Batiste (Swell).....	per yd.	25 cts.

One man may believe that by "charging all the traffic will bear" he will come out ahead. He says you don't know when goods are cheap and when they are dear. We say sell quantities, mark them close, get the people to come again. To-day's offerings illustrate the argument.

CHAS. E. CRUSOE & Co.

J. E. Jackson leaves to-night for Green Bay.

Fancy Lemons, 15 cents a dozen at Keeble's Bakery.

Geo. Gamen and wife, visited friends in Antigo last week.

Trojan Shirt Waists are the best made. Buy them at Gray's.

The infant child of Chris. Hunsley, of the North Side, died Monday.

Mrs. Louis Zolinsky is spending the week in Wausau, visiting friends.

St. Augustine's Guild will meet with Mrs. Fuller Wednesday, April 23.

The finest line of gents' shoes ever shown in Rhinelander and prices to suit the times at Shafer's.

H. G. Ramsey, of Oconto, has arrived in the city and will have charge of the Holt Lumber Co.'s interests.

Look over the new spring goods at Gray's before purchasing. Money saved by doing so.

TO-NIGHT.—The Scottish American Ladies' Quartette, at the Grand Opera House. Tickets at Squier's.

D. B. Swift, representing the paper firm of Wright, Barrett & Stillwell, was in the city on business the first of the week.

There will be a meeting of the Oneida county Agricultural Society, next Saturday evening, April 25th, at 7:30. Members are requested to attend.

The finest line of ladies' spring caps can be found at Gray's. They are selling fast and if you wish a choice selection look them over now.

Representatives of D. Hammel & Co., horse dealers, of Appleton, were in the city the fore part of the week trying to arrange for the building of a large stock barn here.

Hats in greater variety and all the latest styles at the Cash Department Store at lower prices than you ever saw even odds and ends sold under the hammer for.

The Queen of elocution, Miss Ethel Lyon Ball, and a first class company of musical artists, will appear here to-night at the Grand Opera House. They are highly spoken of and should be well patronized.

N. A. Anderson has gone to Chicago on a business trip.

James Houston, of Effield, was in the city Tuesday on business.

Good Bananas, 12 cents a dozen, large size Bananas 15 cents a dozen at Keeble's.

Tennis, Base Ball and Bicycle shoes in great variety at the Cash Department Store.

Carl Krueger was down to Wausau Tuesday looking after some business matters.

Another lot of fresh Eggs and dairy Butter just received at Keeble's. Quality guaranteed.

W. L. Swift, editor and publisher of the Tomahawk Blade, was a pleasant caller at this office Saturday.

CALVES WANTED.—The highest market price paid for young calves. Inquire of P. W. Schurr, Rhinelander, Wis.

County Clerk Dean, of Waupaca county, is in our city this week visiting his daughter, Mrs. Irvin Gray and son, Geo.

Miss Hanna Christanson, formerly of this city, but now of Neenah, where she has a position as compositor on a Danish newspaper, is visiting friends and relatives in this city this week.

Dr. Ben, the celebrated Chicago specialist on chronic diseases will visit this city Monday May 11th, returning regularly every month. Consult him at the Fuller Hotel. Consultation free.

DeWitt Johnson, Jr., has just received one of the finest cornets ever brought into this city. If DeWitt brings you the wrong mail and has forgotten what your last name is, lay it to the horn.

Ole Dahlstrom, one of the Nelson Lumber & Boom Company's employees, at Wausau, broke his right leg Tuesday while trying to board a Soo train at Wausau. He was brought here and the limb set.

James Young returned Saturday from a two weeks trip in the southern part of the state. He visited several largest stock farms while away, and says that Rhinelander can hold her own with any town in the state when it comes to horses.

Ed. Brown was in Chicago last week.

Judge Horton is down from Eagle River on legal business.

Charley Dan and wife have gone to Wabash, Ind., for a visit.

Dr. Ben, of Chicago, has an ad. in the New North this week. Read it.

Extra nice Creamery Butter in small tubs (about 15 lbs.) @ 22 cents lb. retail 24 cents lb. at Keeble's.

The Odd Fellows celebrate their 75th anniversary Saturday evening with a party at their lodge rooms.

Fifteen (15) cents a bushel is all Spafford & Cole ask for the finest potatoes in the land.

Platt B. Walker, of the Minneapolis Lumberman, was in the city yesterday looking after his paper's interests here.

Low price, the everlasting winner, is doing great things at the Cash Department Store now and is not making much noise on our streets either.

Chester Pingry is now at work in the Indicator office. Wilbur Quirk, his predecessor, is going at out door work this summer.

Buy your goods where if they are not satisfactory you can get your money back. Such a place is the Cash Department Store.

Prof. T. L. Allen, teacher of Piano, Organ, Violin, Guitar, Mandolin, Banjo and Cornet. Piano and Organ tuning. Leave orders at Squier's.

Straw hats for father, mother, son and daughter at the Cash Department Store at lower prices than you ever thought same could be sold for.

Those desirous of purchasing patent stoppered bottles for Root Beer can obtain the same at reasonable prices by applying to Arthur Taylor at Rhinelander Bottling Works. If.

W. C. Hagemeister, the local manager for the Northwestern Beef Co., was married yesterday at Wood Lake, Minn., to Miss Emma Frank. They will make this city their home.

Price speaks plainer and talks louder than bell ringing and shouting. If you don't think so just drop into the Cash Department Store and listen to the price on anything you may be in need of.

F. E. Parker and family returned yesterday morning from their trip to the Pacific coast. Mrs. Parker's health is greatly improved. Frank is figuring on a big piece of railroad work out there and may return for the summer.

Evelyn Gordon, in choice repertoire, is booked at the Grand Opera House, for week commencing Monday, May 4. The plays of Camille, "Romeo and Juliet," "American Born," "Divorced" and many others of equal merit are on her list.

The jury in the case of T. B. McIntosh and E. G. Sygler against J. B. Schell was out over eighteen hours without arriving at a verdict, and were finally discharged without agreeing. The case was one for the collection of a note endorsed by the defendant.

The Palace Drug Store has taken the sale of Kuhl's salve for the city and samples of the remedy are being left in every home in town. Mr. Kuhl makes it here at his home, and has certainly some splendid testimonials of its effectiveness. He intends devoting his time entirely to the business.

Some of Three Lakes' citizens seem to need instruction on the matter of behavior. Rev. Mr. Sheard, of this city, recently lectured there on the temperance question. Some of his audience did not agree with his statements and his stay in the city was made decidedly unpleasant.

Those who are troubled with rheumatism should try a few applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, rubbing the parts vigorously at each application. If that does not bring relief dampen a piece of flannel with Pain Balm and bind it over the seat of pain and prompt relief will surely follow. For sale at Palace Drug Store.

Chaplain Cole's lecture, at the Methodist church, last Saturday evening was not as well attended as it should have been, there being but a small crowd, considering the worth of the lecturer. "Four Years at the Front" is decidedly interesting and as delivered by Chaplain Cole, brings vividly to the minds of his hearers the stirring scenes of the war. He was attentively followed by his audience.

John Anderson was over from Crandon last Thursday.

W. E. Brown is the new president of the Wisconsin Valley Lumberman's Association.

All the latest things in ladies', men's and children's straw hats at the Cash Department Store.

C. F. Smith left for Oshkosh last evening where he holds a Hoo Hoo concatenation to-night.

If you intend buying a carpet it will be to your advantage to get prices at Gray's before buying.

A bicycle trust is rumored. An arrangement which would enable people to get trusted for bicycles would be more popular.

You cannot afford to buy clothing, dry goods or shoes at any other place than the Cash Department Store unless you have money to burn.

The lumber market which has been bad for a long time, is confidently expected to be better this spring than for several years. The inquiry is more active and prospects of building more bright than for three years. Good crops in the west will bring a good demand this fall.

H. W. Russell, of Appleton, was in the city the first of the week. Mr. Russell was formerly a partner of A. G. Leffingwell, well known here, in the custom tailoring business at Appleton. Mr. Leffingwell is now in the printing business at that place and Mr. Russell handles the tailoring business alone. He is a pleasant gentleman to meet and will undoubtedly do a good business.

The case of Ferdinand Matke against the Yawkey Lumber Co. is now on trial. It is a personal injury case. Matke was night foreman of the saw mill at Hazelhurst. He got his arm caught in a gear and lost his left hand. The suit is to recover damages on the grounds that the company were negligent in having the machine not properly protected. The company's defense is that the accident resulted from carelessness on Matke's part. A number of witnesses are being sworn and the case will probably not be finished before to-morrow.

Tuesday evening being the seventh anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Chapman's wedded life, a score or more of their friends, laden with baskets of good things, walked into their home unannounced and took them by surprise. Although they were in the midst of spring house cleaning, the crowd received as cordial a welcome as though everything had been in proper shape. At eleven o'clock the ladies served a lunch suitable for a queen. After presenting the host and hostess a very comfortable armchair, and wishing them many pleasant returns of the occasion, the crowd dispersed, agreeing that the evening had been a very pleasant one.

Mayor Brennan in his recommendations to the council says that the city is expending a great deal of money for printing, and that it should be remedied. If the city is using more printing than it needs or paying more than it is worth, there should be a prompt and permanent reformation. But we think Mr. Brennan has been imposed upon. He says he knew nothing of it of his own knowledge but was told that the city had had over six hundred dollars worth of printing in the last year. The facts of the situation are that from May 1, 1895, to May 1, 1896, the New North office has done work for the city and received pay therefor to the extent of just \$47.50. That includes all job printing, notices and advertising.

"Joshua Simpkins" came to town Monday night and put up at the Opera House. He carried with him a street parade and an orchestra which could not be beat. The curtain rose on "Skinner's Tavern." Introducing an old fashioned game of see-saw in all the rural singlety of "ye olden time." Act II showed Washington, the national capital, to great advantage and the Potomac river. Act III the old fashioned saw mill of Mr. Simpkins with the saw etc. in full motion. And in the last act the Homestead where everything is righted. The characters were all well handled and the orchestra was especially fine. Every number was encoored and appreciated. Their imitations were especially good. The song and dance by Bonehake and Miss Bonnette in the last scene was more than well received.

John McMullen had the misfortune to lose his driving horse, Dan, Monday.

Rev. J. Cole, of Iowa preached two very good sermons at the M. E. church last Sunday.

Some sell goods with bells and noise. The Cash Department Store sell goods with the lowest of low prices.

Wanted—Lady and gentlemen canvassers to travel selling Aluminum Novelties. Good salary made. Call at Alpine Hotel.

James Melroe, the groceryman, made an assignment last Thursday to his brother Alexander. The amount of liabilities are not stated.

Why pay 60 cents for old hats when you can buy new clean stylish hats for boys at 25 cents each at the Cash Department Store?

The young ladies of St. Augustine's Auxiliary will give a dancing party at the New Grand Hall Friday evening, April 21. All are invited.

Dr. and Mrs. Tubbs, who have been the guests of Miss Becker and Mr. A. S. Pierce for several days, left for their home in Kirkwood, Illinois, on Tuesday.

Women are the shrewdest shoppers in the land. Shrewd women learn the prices on new goods at the Cash Department Store before buying. You know not what is sold under the hammer.

Alex. Taylor was sentenced by Judge Harlan last Thursday evening to eighteen months imprisonment in the State's prison at Wausau. He was taken there Friday by Sheriff Smith.

You can get men's good Satin Call shoes at the Cash Department Store at 5 cents per pair and get any size you want. You do not have to conform your feet to the shoes.

Trout fishers are having poor luck so far this season. It is too early. Some of the old experts say it is necessary to wait until all of the swamp water is out of the streams before they will bite.

If you intend to speculate on old goods, better go to the Cash Department Store first and post up on new clean goods with up-to-date prices. Afterward you possibly may not care to take chances against odds.

The subject at the M. E. church next Sunday morning will be, "How and What to hear." There are many ready every day to advise how and what to preach. Come and hear a word about "How and What to hear."

The Pelican Bicycle club, an adjunct to the L. A. W., already has a membership of twenty. Harley Woodland is president, Charles Peterson, vice president, Morris Bingham secretary and E. J. Broughton captain. Their colors are crimson and black. Every other Tuesday is their meeting night.

The refinement of photographic luxury is embodied in the Bulls Eye, Model 36. It is so simple to operate that the beginner can hardly go wrong if he tries. It has new features that rank it with the most complete cameras and will endure to the heart of every experienced amateur. You will find the Bulls Eye, Model 36 Camera for sale by C. C. Bronson & Co.

The boys of the Fire Department gave J. E. Jackson, the retiring chief, a pleasant informal reception at the Central Hotel House last evening. Refreshments were served and the guest of the evening was presented with an elegant gold medal. The festivities lasted well into the night and the occasion will long be remembered by both the boys and Mr. Jackson as one of the pleasantest in their recollection.

Mark M. Raymond, who was convicted of embezzlement from the Fidelity Accident Insurance Company last week, was sentenced to eight months imprisonment in the county jail. Raymond was agent for the company. He wrote insurance, took the cost of policies from the men, and failed to send either the money or applications in to the company. When some of the insured were injured they wrote the company and Raymond was immediately prosecuted. The company is suing policies to all who can show receipts from Raymond. They lose considerably by the action of their former agent, but are attempting to make matters satisfactory to their customers.

NEW COUNCIL TAKES HOLD.

This First Meeting An Interesting One. New Appointments.

The new council met Tuesday evening, with every alderman in his seat excepting Mr. Stumpner who was doing jury duty at the court house. There was an interested crowd of spectators present and the proceedings were certainly of interest to everybody. Both the Mayor and the council started out on the years work in the proper spirit. They announce a desire to reduce the city expenses and in that proposition they have the support of all. The reductions of expenditures should be all along the line. A little spasmodic effort will not amount to much but if applied to all matters of outlay it will bring the expenditures of the city down where they belong. Mayor Brennan, in his message, recommends a reduction in the expenditures in many ways and the council estimates a purpose to carry out the suggestions. He also recommended that the police force be reduced in number, but later he appointed the same number as before. Appointments announced by the mayor, all of which were confirmed by the council, were as follows:

Police—Thos. McDermott Jr., Chief; M. Wismer, Morris Doyle, Chas. Asmanson.

School Commissioners—A. D. Sutton, H. R. Weesner, Mrs. A. D. Daniels.

Health Commissioner—F. L. Hinman.

Committee on Ordinances—W. E. Ashton, C. C. Bronson, J. Y. Clouston.

Purchasing Committee—L. Stumpner, E. M. Kemp, W. E. Ashton.

Licenses—J. J. Crowe, Chas. Pingry, O. H. McLaughlin.

Fire Department—E. M. Kemp, W. M. Langley, J. Klumb.

Printing—F. Divers, C. C. Bronson, C. Baake.

City Buildings—W. M. Langley, F. Divers, Chas. Pingry.

City Affairs—J. Klumb, E. M. Kemp, W. E. Ashton.

Member of Board of Public Works—L. Stumpner.

Lumber Firm Change.

An important change in one of the principal lumber companies of the place will be consummated in a few days. C. F. Smith, Secretary of the Rib River Lumber Company, has disposed of his interest in the concern to the other two stockholders, D. D. Flanner and W. D. Brown. They will continue the business as heretofore and it is not expected that they will take any new members into the firm. Mr. Smith informs us that he has no definite plans for the future. He will doubtless engage in the lumber business again but whether it be here or elsewhere is unsettled. The Rib River concern has been prosperous every since it was organized and has an excellent business. We wish both the concern and the outgoing partner success under the new arrangements.

Boom Company Notice.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Pelican Boom Co., held at the company's office in the city of Rhinelander on April 18, 1896, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved: that the rate of boomage for the season of 1896 be and hereby is fixed at the uniform price of forty-five (45) cents per thousand feet on all logs sorted, stored and delivered by the Boom Company; provided that the owner of such logs, so handled and delivered pays one-half of the scaler's wages while employed on his logs; otherwise the rate of boomage shall be fifty (50) cents per thousand feet, in which case the Boom Company shall pay all of the wages of such scaler. All logs are to be scaled upon the log deck of the mill when the logs are saved, by a competent scaler to be appointed by and to be under the control of the general manager of the Boom Company.

THE PELICAN BOOM CO.
6w-22 By W. E. Brown, Sec'y.

Millinery at Auction.

Wednesday evening, the 23th. The ladies of the M. E. church will give a Millinery Soiree in the Cover building, opposite Rapids House. Bids will be accepted only from the gentlemen and they are requested to be present in large numbers. Ice cream and cake will also be in order.

Card of Thanks.

I wish to most sincerely thank the boys of Hose Co. No. 1 for their evidences of appreciation and for the handsome souvenir which was presented to me last evening.

JONAS E. JACKSON.

A SET OF ROGUES

BY FRANK BARRETT

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"I ask your pardon for that injustice I did you in my passion, but now that I am cool I cannot hold you blameless for what has befallen my poor child, and I call upon you as a man of honor to repair the wrong you've done me."

Again the don bows very gravely and then asks what we would have him do.

"I ask you," says Dawson, "as we have no means for such an expedition, to send me across the sea there to my Moll."

"I cannot insure your return," says the don, "and I warn you that once in Barbary you may never leave it."

"I do not want to return if she is there. Nay," adds he, "if I may move them to any mercy, they shall do what they will with this body of mine, so that they suffer my child to be free."

The don turns to Sidi and tells him what Dawson has offered to do, whereupon the Moor lays his finger across his lips, then his hand on Dawson's breast and afterward upon his own, with a reverence, to show his respect. And so he and the don fall to discussing the feasibility of this project, as I discovered by picking up a word here and there, and, this ended, the don turns to Dawson and tells him there is no vessel to convey him at present, therefore he must of force wait patiently till one comes in from Barbary.

"But," says he, "we may expect one in a few days, and be assured that your wish shall be gratified if it is possible."

We went down, Dawson and I, to the sea that afternoon, and sitting on the shore at that point where we had formerly embarked aboard the Algerine galley we scanned the waters for a sail that might be coming hither, and Dawson with the eagerness of one who looked to escape from slavery rather than one seeking it.

As we sat watching that sea he fell a-regretting he had no special gift of nature by which he might more readily purchase Moll's freedom from her captors. "However," says he, "if I can show 'em the use of chairs and benches, for lack of which they are now compelled, as we see, to squat on mats and benches, I may do pretty well with Turks of the better sort who can afford luxuries and so in time gain my end."

"You shall teach me this business, Jack," says I, "for at present I'm more helpless than you."

"Kit," says he, laying hold of my hand, "let us have no misunderstanding on this matter. You go not to Barbary with me."

"What!" cries I, protesting. "You would have the heart to break from me after we have shared good and ill fortune together like two brothers all these years?"

"God knows we shall part with sore hearts of both sides, and I shall miss you sadly enough, with no Christian to speak to out there. But 'tis not of ourselves we must think now. Some one must be here to be a father to my Moll when she returns, and I'll trust Don Sanchez no farther than I can see him, for all his wisdom. So, as you love the dear girl, you will stay here, Kit, to be her watch and ward, and as you love me you will spare me any further discussion on this head. For I am resolved."

I would say nothing then to contrary him, but my judgment and feeling both revolted against his decision. For, thinks I, if one Christian is worth but a goat to the Turk, two must be worth eightpence; therefore we together stand a better chance of buying Moll's freedom than either singly. And, for my own happiness, I would easier be a slave in Barbary with Jack than free elsewhere and friendless. Nowhere can a man be free from toil and pain of some sort or another, and there is no such place in the world for one's discomforts as the company of a true man.

But I was not regardless of Moll's welfare when she returned neither. For I argued with myself that Mr. Godwin had but to know of her condition to find means of coming hither for her rescue. So the next time I met Don Sanchez I took him aside and told him of my concern, asking him the speediest manner of sending a letter to England (that I had inclosed in mine to the don having misled him through his leaving Toledo before it arrived).

"There is no occasion to write," says he. "For the moment I learned your history from Sidi I sent a letter apprising him of his wife's innocence in this business and the noble reparation she had made for the fault of others; also I took the liberty to inclose a sum of money to meet his requirements, and I'll answer for it he is now on his way hither. For no man living could be dull to the charms of his wife or bear resentment to her for an act that was prompted by love rather than avarice and with no calculation on her part."

This cheered me considerably and did somewhat return my faith in Don Sanchez, who certainly was the most extraordinary gentlemanly rascal that ever lived.

Day after day Dawson and I went down to the sea, and on the fifth day of our watching (after many false hopes and disappointments) we spied a ship, which we knew to be of the Algerine sort by the cross set of its lateen sails—making it to look like some great bird with spread wings on the water—bearing down upon the shore.

We watched the approach of this ship with feverish joy and expectation, for though we dared not breathe our hopes one to another we both thought that maybe Moll was there. And this was not impossible. For, supposing Judith was married happily, she would refuse to leave her husband, and her mother, having lived so long in that country, might not care to leave it now and quit



Day after day Dawson and I went down to the sea.

her daughter, so might they refuse their ransom and Moll be sent back to us. And besides this reasoning we had that clinging belief of the unfortunate that some unforeseen accident might turn to our advantage and overthrow our fears.

The Algerine came nearer and nearer until at length we could make out certain figures moving upon the deck; then Dawson, laying a trembling hand on my sleeve, asked if I did not think 'twas a woman standing in the fore part, but I couldn't truly answer yes, which vexed him.

But, indeed, when the galley was close enough to drop anchor, being at some distance from the shore because of the shoals, I could not distinguish any woman, and my heart sank, for I knew well that if Moll were there she, seeing us, would have given us some signal of waving a handkerchief or the like. As soon as the anchor was cast a boat was being lowered, and being manned drew in toward us; then truly we perceived a bent figure sitting idle in the stern, but even Dawson dared not venture to think it might be Moll.

The boat running on a shallow, a couple of Moors stepped into the water, and lifting the figure in their arms carried it ashore to where we stood. And now we perceived 'twas a woman muffled up in the Moorish fashion, a little, wizened old creature, who, casting back her head, showed us a wrinkled face, very pale and worn with care and age. Regarding us, she says in plain English:

"You are my countrymen. Is one of you named Dawson?"

"My name is Dawson," says Jack. She takes his hand in hers, and holding it in hers looks in his face with great pity, and then at last, as if loath to tell the news she sees he fears to hear, she says:

"I am Anne Godwin."

What need of more to let us know that Moll had paid her ransom?

CHAPTER XXXVI
In silence we led Mrs. Godwin to the seat we had occupied, and seating ourselves we said not a word for some time. For my own part the realization of our loss threw my spirits into a strange apathy; 'twas as if some actual blow had stunned my senses. Yet I remember observing the Moors about their business—dispatching one to Ekhe for a train of mules, charging a second boat with merchandise while the first returned, etc.

"I can feel for you," says Mrs. Godwin at length, addressing Dawson, "for I also have lost an only child."

"Your daughter Judith, madam?" says I.

"She died two years ago. Yours still lives," says she, again turning to Dawson, who sat with a haggard face, rocking himself like one nursing a great pain. "And while there is life there's hope, as one says."

"Why, to be sure," says Jack, rousing himself. "This is no more, Kit, than we bargained for. Tell me, madam, you who know that country, do you think a carpenter would be held in esteem there? I'm yet a strong man, as you see, with some good serviceable years of life before me. D'ye think they'd take me in exchange for my Moll, who is but a bit of a girl?"

"She is beautiful, and beauty counts for more than strength and talent there, poor man," says she.

"I'll make 'em the offer," says he, "and though they do not agree to give her freedom they may yet suffer me to see her time and again if I work well."

"'Tis strange," says she. "Your Moll has told me all your history. Had I learned it from other lips I might have set you down for a rogue, destitute of heart or conscience; yet, with this evidence before me, I must needs regard you and your dear daughter as more noble than many whose deeds are writ in gold. 'Tis a lesson to teach me faith in the goodness of God, who redeems his creatures' follies with one touch of love."

He of good cheer, my friend," adds she, laying her thin hand on his arm. "There is hope. I would not have accepted this ransom—no, not for your daughter's tears and entreaties—without good assurance that I, in my turn, might deliver her."

I asked the old gentleman how this might be accomplished.

"My niece," says she, dwelling on the word with a smile, as if happy in the alliance, "my niece, coming to Barbary of her free will, is not a slave like those captured in warfare and carried there by force. She remains there as a hostage for me and will be free to return when I send the price of my ransom."

"Is that a great sum?"

"Three thousand gold ducats—about £1,000 English."

"Why, madam," says Dawson, "we have nothing, being now reduced to our last pence. And if you have the goodness to raise this money heaven only knows how long it may take you to succeed. 'Tis a fortnight's journey at the least to England, and then you have to deal with your steward, who will seek only to put obstacles in your way, so that six weeks may pass ere Moll is re-

deemed, and what may befall her in the meantime?"

"She is safe. Ali Oukadi is a good man. She has naught to fear while she is under his protection. Do not misjudge the Moors. They have many estimable qualities."

"Yet, madam," says I, "by you saying there is hope I gather there must be also danger."

"There is," answers she, at which Jack nods with conviction. "A beautiful young woman is never free from danger." (Jack assents again.) "There are good and bad men among the Moors as among other people."

"Aye, to be sure," says Dawson. "I say she is safe under the protection of Ali Oukadi, but when the ransom is paid and she leaves Thadvir she may stand in peril."

"Why, that's natural enough," cries Dawson, "to be among Moors or no Moors; 'tis then she will most need a friend to serve her, and one that knows the ins and outs of the place and how to deal with these Turks must surely be better than any half dozen fresh handed and raw to their business." Then he fell questioning Mrs. Godwin as to how Moll was lodged, the distance to Thadvir from Algiers, the way to get there and divers other particulars, which, together with his eager, cheerful vivacity, showed clearly enough that he was more firmly resolved than ever to go into Barbary and be near Moll without delay.

And presently leaving me with Mrs. Godwin he goes down to the captain of the galley, who is directing the landing of goods from the playboat, and with such small store of words as he possessed, aided by plentiful gesture, he enters into a very lively debate with him, the upshot of which was that the captain tells him he shall start the next morning at daybreak, if there be but a puff of air, and agrees to carry him to Algiers for a couple of pieces (upon which they clap hands), as Dawson, in high glee, informs us on his return.

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Mrs. Godwin accepted this arrangement with a profound bow, which concealed the astonishment it occasioned her. But she drew a long breath, and I perceived she cast a curious glance at all three of us, as if she were marveling at the change that must have taken place in civilized countries since her absence, which should account for a pack of thieves nowadays being so very unlike what a pack of thieves was in her young days.

CHAPTER XXXVII
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"Be assured I'll touch nothing but water for my drink," says Dawson, taking this warning to his share.

"Be careful," continues the don, "to pay for all you have, and take not so much as an orange from a tree by the wayside without first laying a shekel or two on the ground. I warn you that they, though upright enough among themselves, are crafty and treacherous toward strangers, whom they regard as their natural enemies, and they will tempt you to break the law either by provoking a quarrel or putting you to some unlawful practice, and they may annul your firman and detain you as a convicted outlaw for their crime."

Stealing a pullet I have seen the fish beaten off the soles of an English sailor's feet and he and his companions condemned to slavery for life."

"I'll lay a dozen shekels on the ground for every sour orange I may take," says Dawson. "And, as for quarreling, a Turk shall pull my nose before ever a curse shall pass my lips."

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We landed at the mole, which is a splendid construction some 1,500 feet or thereabouts in length (with the forts), forming a beautiful terrace walk supported by arches, beneath which large, splendid magazines, all the most handsome in the world, I think. Thence our captain led us to the Cassanah, a huge, heavy, square, brick building, surrounded by high, massive walls and defended by 100 pieces of ordnance, cannons and mortars, all told. Here the dey or bashaw lives with his family, and below are many roomy offices for the discharge of business. Our captain takes us into a vast waiting hall where over 100 Moors were patiently attending an audience of the dey's minister, and there we also might have lingered the whole day and gone away at night unsatisfied (as many of these Moors do, day after day, but that counts for nothing with these enduring people), but having a hint from our friend we found occasion to slip a ducat in the hand of a go-between officer, who straightway led us to his master. Our captain having presented us, with all the usual ceremonies, the grandee takes our letter from Sidi ben Ahmed, reads it, and without further ado signs and seals us a trader's pass for 28 days, to end at sunset the day after the festival of Ramadan. With this paper we went off in high glee, thinking that 28 hours of safe conduct would have sufficed us. And so to an eating house, where we treated our friendly captain for his good services parted in mighty good humor on both sides.

By this time it was getting pretty late in the day; nevertheless we burned with such impatience to be near our dear Moll that we set forth for Thadvir, which lies upon the seacoast about seven English leagues east of Algiers. But a cool, refreshing air from the sea and the great joy in our hearts made this journey seem to us the most delightful of our lives. And indeed, after passing through the suburbs richly planted with gardens, and crossing the river, on which are many mills, and so coming into the plain of Mettegia, there is such an abundance of sweet odors and lovely fertile views to enchant the senses that a dull man would be inspired to a happy, cheerful mood.

'Twas close upon 9 o'clock when we reached the little town, and not a soul to be seen anywhere nor a light in any window, but that troubled us not at all, having provided ourselves with a good store of victuals before quitting Algiers, for here 'tis as sweet to lie of nights in the open air as in the finest palace elsewhere. Late as it was, however, we could not dispose ourselves to sleep before we had gone all round the town to satisfy our curiosity. At the farther extremity we spied a building looking very majestic in the moonlight, with a large garden about it inclosed with high walls, and deciding that this must be the residence of Ali Oukadi, who, we had learned, was the most important merchant of these parts, we lay us down against the wall and fell asleep, thinking of our dear Moll, whose perchance, all unconscious, was lying within.

Rising at daybreak, for Dawson was mightily uneasy unless we might be breaking the law by keeping out of doors (but there is no such law of this sort in Barbary), we washed ourselves very properly at a neighboring stream, made a meal of dry bread and dates, then, laying our bundles in a secret place whence we might conveniently fetch them, if Ali Oukadi insisted on entertaining us a day or two, we went into the town, and finding upon inquiry that this was indeed his palace, as we had surmised, I thought us what to say and how to behave the most civil possible, and so presented ourselves at his gate, stating our business.

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deemed, and what may befall her in the meantime?"

"She is safe. Ali Oukadi is a good man. She has naught to fear while she is under his protection. Do not misjudge the Moors. They have many estimable qualities."

"Yet, madam," says I, "by you saying there is hope I gather there must be also danger."

"There is," answers she, at which Jack nods with conviction. "A beautiful young woman is never free from danger." (Jack assents again.) "There are good and bad men among the Moors as among other people."

"Aye, to be sure," says Dawson. "I say she is safe under the protection of Ali Oukadi, but when the ransom is paid and she leaves Thadvir she may stand in peril."

"Why, that's natural enough," cries Dawson, "to be among Moors or no Moors; 'tis then she will most need a friend to serve her, and one that knows the ins and outs of the place and how to deal with these Turks must surely be better than any half dozen fresh handed and raw to their business." Then he fell questioning Mrs. Godwin as to how Moll was lodged, the distance to Thadvir from Algiers, the way to get there and divers other particulars, which, together with his eager, cheerful vivacity, showed clearly enough that he was more firmly resolved than ever to go into Barbary and be near Moll without delay.

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HIS ROOMS CROWDED.

Everybody Satisfied and Many Praising Him.



DOCTOR REA,

of Chicago, Specialist,

Who has created with a sensation in and around Chicago, by curing diseases that almost baffled the medical fraternity of the country, and by the removal of his many patients, who have usually gone a long distance to see him, has decided

TO VISIT RHINELANDER.

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MONDAY, MAY 11, 1896.

ONE DAY, returning every four weeks for one year.

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Chronic Catarrh—Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung Diseases, including Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. By special, Sisk Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder and Chronic Female Diseases. All nervous and affection, with symptoms of disease, confusions of ideas, loss of sleep, loss of appetite, etc. Indigestion, interrupted nutrition, slow growth in children and all other diseases in adults.

Noises in the Ear—Catarrhal Deafness, Chronic Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat, Stomach, Liver, Kidney, Bladder and Uterus. All nervous and affection, with symptoms of disease, confusions of ideas, loss of sleep, loss of appetite, etc. Indigestion, interrupted nutrition, slow growth in children and all other diseases in adults.

Young and Middle Aged Men, Suffering from symptoms of nervous debility as the result of self-abuse in youth or excess in mature years and other causes producing some of the following effects, such as: Emissions, Night Emissions, Nervousness, Irritability, Loss of Memory and Sexual Exhaustion, which unite the victim for business or marriage, should call and see DR. REA and get his opinion.

Diseases of Women—Treated by our new home treatment, there by saving the patient the annoyance and embarrassment of local treatment.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES TREATED.
DR. REA, frankly tell them whether or not he can cure the case curable.

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ELEGANT BATH ROOMS.

The finest and most centrally located shop in the city. THE place for scientific work. The most experienced barbers in the country employed.

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Transients will find it to their advantage to give this house a trial.

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Take the \$100 Direct Route

Canadian Provinces, New England, New York, And All Points East.

Solid Vestibuled Train to Montreal. Only Through Sleeper to Boston.

"THE ATLANTIC LIMITED" EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

AND THE \$100 Direct Route

DORA'S DECISION.

BY HAY B. BROWN.

"Yes," grumbled Henry Carter, casting a withering glance at his sister, "that's always the way with a woman. She starts out so brash, sure that she can do a man's work; but before long she comes back, all broken down, to be taken care of. I told you how it would be when you went away."

Dora Carter, sitting pale and dejected in the wooden arm-chair, raised her head and shot an indignant glance at her brother.

"But, Henry, you know it wasn't clerking that broke me down. The doctor said that my health was undermined when I came back and helped nurse your children through the scarlet fever, and that working right along after that, without rest, was too much for me. He says it is no wonder women fail in business so often, since they always go into it exhausted from doing so many other kinds of work."

"Stuff and nonsense!" snorted her brother. "Just like a woman to blame some one else for her own failure! I helped nurse the children, too, and my health wasn't undermined. But so matter about your notions; you are here, and I have you to take care of, and I only hope you will appreciate what it is to be supported when times are as hard as they are now. And you might lend me a hand with the milking, since that doctor you're so fond of quoting has ordered outdoor exercise for you."

And Dora, meekness in her bearing, but rebellion in her heart, followed her brother to the corral, where the cows were shut up for the night. She remembered that her brother had secured a deed of the large farm he owned from their father on promise that he would always take care of Dora; and how, after the old man had died, she had endured life with him and his pale, dejected wife, as dependent upon him financially as she was herself, to whom never a penny went except grudgingly; how she had worked at all kinds of work, indoors and out, a veritable pauper, and how, at last, in an unusual burst of indignation, through the influence of the circuit minister, she had secured a position as clerk in a large dry goods store in Big Bend, the nearest large town—a good-sized one, indeed, for Kansas.

Her eagerness to master the details of the business, her quickness, and absorption in her work, soon advanced her, until she was in charge of two or three departments. Then her brother's children were attacked with scarlet fever, and he had summoned her back to the farm to help, from which nursing she had gone back to work broken down in health, and a long illness ensued, during which her brother had not troubled himself to inquire what might be her chances for life. When she was able to leave her room, the doctor issued an edict to the effect that she must not return to the store for a year, and that at least two-thirds of her waking time should be spent outdoors.

So, against her will, she had been forced to go back to her brother, who had at once taken the opportunity to use her case as proof of all his arguments against women in business life, or, indeed, women who thought for themselves at all.

But Dora, since her entry into the business world, had learned to think for herself, and was quite different from the meek, cowed little drudge that she had been. As she seated herself on the milking stool, and gave the sleek cow a pat, there was a rebellion in her blue eyes and a defiant curve about her lips that said Henry Carter's ascendancy was over, so far as one woman was concerned in it.

"I can't stay here," she said to herself. "I know my own place in the world too well to be the servant that I was once. Between now and morning I must think out another way of living for the next year."

And while Dora was "thinking out" her problem that night, her brother, in the room below, gave his wife economical counsel.

"Now that Dora's come back, Marcia, I want her made use of, for we can't have any ladylike airs around here. She

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most of you wouldn't be strong if you could. Now go to sleep, for there's lots to be done in the morning, and I'm going to ride up to Iron Mountain ranch after another row; for if Dora's going to be here to help milk, we may as well make more butter."

Dora followed the directions of her taskmaster quietly enough the next morning, but when he had mounted and galloped off toward the ranch in the hills, she saddled another horse and rode in the opposite direction. She was home long before her brother, who rode into the yard about noon, driving the cow he had just purchased. No mention was made of the addition to the herd until after dinner was over, when Henry turned his unsmiling face toward Dora.

"I'll milk that new cow to-night, Dora, but after this I'll turn her over to you, for my hands are full already."

"I'm sorry to disappoint you, Henry," answered she, demurely, though with a spark in her eyes, "but I don't think of staying here longer than this afternoon."

Her brother stared, as much aghast at her independence of manner as at her astonishing communication.

"Good heavens! What do you mean? Do you think of boarding at the 'poor farm'?" queried the exasperated man.

"Not exactly, Henry," sweetly returned his sister. "But I've hired out to Father Hayward as 'chore boy' for the winter. He will give me ten dollars a month and board, and I shall have only four cows to milk there, while here I should have five, and get only my board."

"You must be crazy, girl! Do you suppose a man worth as much as I am wants his sister to hire out as a farm hand?"

Then Dora did what certain tragic novel heroines are said to have done—"rose to her full height"; and, though even that was not great, she certainly looked stately enough to curb her brother's wrath, as she answered him:

"Henry Carter, do you think that the place of unpaid drudge with my own people is much more respectable than that of paid help on the Hayward farm? There I shall do certain work outdoors,

and then rest. Here I should work outdoors and come in, fatigued, to be urged to other tasks. I have grown a trifle broader in my outlook at life since I broke from your rule, and have decided that just so long as a woman refuses to expect the consideration that one sex should pay to the other, just so long, if she deals with some men, will she be ignored. My work will bring money somewhere, and there I am going."

Henry pulled himself together to snap out his reply: "Well, you're of age, and can do as you please; but a woman who respects herself isn't going into the fields to work with hired men."

"A woman who respects herself," answered Dora, "may go anywhere; but Father Hayward hired me because his men are up river husking corn, and he can't come home at night, and he has rheumatism, so that he cannot even do his chores; and as only Willie is at home with them, and he is but 12, they must have help. So Willie and I shall do the milking, take care of the stock and the chickens, all of which I have done for you, and when we are going to husk that 20 acres of corn near the house, and after the men have in the feed and wool for the winter, he will have no help but me; and next spring—"Dora was becoming enthusiastic—"he is going to raise my wages; and I can drive his cornplanter and his mower and harrow, and hayrake, too, for I have done all that; and raise the chickens, if I have time; and I can stay outdoors all day, and grow strong and brown; and I've always loved the dear old folks, anyway."

And Dora broke off her speech, and went along with her thoughts, clear across the year ahead of her, while Henry sat with his hands in his pockets, gazing moodily at the floor, and did not answer.

"There comes Willie Hayward now for my trunk, and I will drive back with him. I'm sorry for Marcia, but she seems to prefer to let you do her thinking, so I may as well save my pity. And I'm sorry to disagree with you, Henry. I would have staid with you if you had appreciated me enough to give me wages and kind words. You see, it's just the old question of the financial dependence or independence of women, and I choose the latter."

So Dora fed cattle and horses, and milked, and drove machinery all the year, growing each day stronger and more full of spirits. And when the next year, the plump, rosy-cheeked young woman left her friends and took her old place in town, you might have examined her behavior with a microscope, and not found a shade of womanliness resulting from the "man's work" that she had done.

"That's what comes of a woman having charge of her own affairs," said Henry to Marcia. "Just give her a chance, and she won't stop at anything. You ought to be thankful, Marcia, that you've got some one to keep you from making a fool of yourself."

And Marcia sighed.—Woman's Journal.



ROSE TO HER FULL HEIGHT.



FOLLOWED HER BROTHER.

VAST MARKET HALLS.

The Pride of the City of Berlin and Its People.

How Buyers Are Protected by the Authority—Test of Provender Inspected Daily by the Food Constabulary.

[Special Berlin (Germany) Letter.]

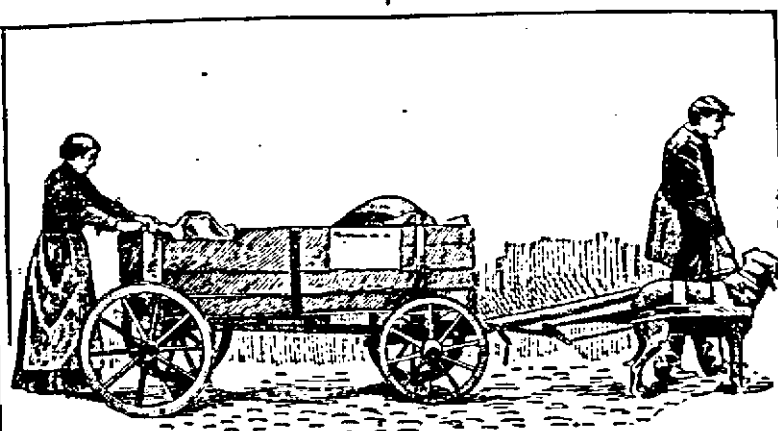
There was a time, and that not many years ago, when the market hall facilities of Berlin, Munich and other large German cities were far from satisfactory. At that time the magnificent market halls of Paris, especially the Centrale, were looked upon with envy. To-day Berlin is supplied with such public halls for the purpose of domestic provender in a manner second to none in the world. The immense Central cattle yards and abattoir in the



EARLY MORNING IN CENTRAL MARKET HALL.

extreme eastern part of the city form a part of the system. The meat and fish supply radiating thence is admirably adapted to all the needs of the city, and a corps of trained and efficient city employees is overlooking the management of it all—cautiously watching over the healthful quality of all the meat offered for sale and all the fruit, vegetables, etc., and superintending prompt distribution and the sales themselves.

Almost daily seizures of diseased meat or otherwise unfit food are made by these officers, and now and then plots of a large description are discovered, severe punishment being speedily meted out to offenders. The temptation to try and dispose of unhygienic foodstuffs is, however, so strong in a city where meats and all other necessities of life range so high in price, that new attempts of the kind are continually made, and hence the watchfulness of the city food police is never relaxed for a moment. Every carcass, every fowl, every fish has to pass this



ON THE WAY TO THE MARKET HALL.

official scrutiny before being admitted to barter and sale, and each piece is plainly stamped with the city seal.

Only a fortnight ago a large plot was unearthed, in which a band of wholesale cattle dealers and wholesale butchers were the culprits. Their scheme, though a mighty cunning one, had, however, been in force but a few days when retribution overtook them. All meat, before being passed, is subjected to careful microscopical examination by experts, and that doubtless is the reason why in this city of nearly two millions no case of trichinosis or other diseases consequent on infected or tainted meat has occurred



UNLOADING A FISH CART.

for some years. Supervision of food by the authorities is, in a word, most thorough and effective, and not a morsel of anything eatable is wasted; on the other hand, for even the meal remnants, the bits of bone and the scraps left over from the regular sale by the butchers are subsequently offered the poor at public sale—and find ready takers.

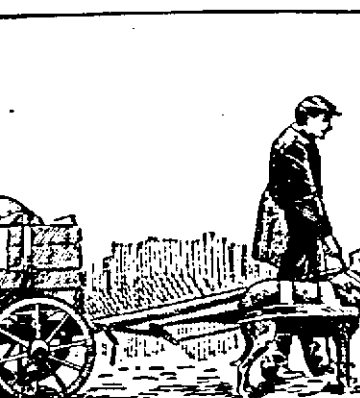
The Berlin market halls have cost the city nearly \$7,000,000 (exactly 27,933,776 marks), of which nearly one-half was for sites. From the first it was aimed to make them self-supporting, and they are. For the past year the receipts were 2,609,081 marks, the disbursements (including salaries of officers, lighting, cleaning, disinfecting, expert examination, etc.) 2,412,919, leaving a balance of 196,161, of which 121,884 went to the sinking fund, the rest into the city treasury.

The receipts are largely composed of stand and stall rents, to which must be added quite an amount for fines. The Berlin dealers, though at first they did not take kindly to these giant market halls, now like them, and declare they are both economical and practical, and the public at large like them still better, as in these halls they find the greatest possible choice and variety, keen competition among the dealers assuring low prices and fresh wares.

How unlimited the choice of articles on sale! I had occasion to observe when I undertook, some time ago, a visit to the largest of the city market halls, the Central on Alexanderplatz. Whole train loads of vegetables fruit, game, fowl, fish, slaughtered meat, etc., arrive there, many of them in the identical freight cars on board of which they had been placed at their points of starting—apples and pears and oranges from Italy, southern France, Dalmatia; fish from the Mediterranean; game from Styria and the Alps, the forests of Russia and the plains of Lombardy; young potatoes, cauliflower, artichokes, asparagus from Algiers, Seville, Mentone, etc. One got an idea this way how a large city nowadays is supplied in both dainties and necessities by friend and foe, by both hemispheres; in fact, mutton and beef from Australia and Argentina were also among the staple articles, and Cuba and Florida had sent some of the choicest tropical fruit.

This Central market hall on Alexander square is an immense place, solidly constructed—with a successful attempt at architectural beauty—of cream-colored brick, terra cotta, iron and glass, and large enough to hold some 15,000 stalls and buyers to the number of 100,000. Being located in the very heart of the city, it is the spot where the economical, sensible housewives of the whole quarter meet on common ground, and it is very interesting to watch these thrifty ladies, with their bonneted cooks accompanying them, haggling and pricing, buying or refusing to buy—in the latter case, indeed, it is all the more interesting, as the onlooker, for there the eloquence and sarcasm of the stall-owners reach unheard-of heights.

This Central Market hall, however, is but one of a dozen, for smaller halls exist in every other part of the town, even in the very outskirts. And that this centralizing of sale and purchase really has the effect of cheapening prices is most clearly seen by the fact that outside the city, in the suburbs, though rents there are much lower, food comes higher than in the city itself. In one of these suburbs, though, in Himmelsburg, is the greatest geese market in the world. Nearly the whole of Germany is here supplied with the succulent bird, whose excellence as a Sunday roast is proverbial in all the Fatherland. During Novem-



ON THE WAY TO THE MARKET HALL.

ber, for instance, geese arrive here by the scores of trainloads from Russia, Poland, Galicia, Silesia, etc., and many a wholesale dealer sells 20,000 to 40,000 young geese (used for scientific fattening) in a single day. They arrive—I mean the geese—lean and raw from Russia in November, and they reappear juicy and tender about Christmas on the tables of the German paterfamilias, having achieved a metamorphosis during that time due to careful and abundant diet. As to the merit of the cattle bought and sold in the Berlin cattle yards the facts are reversed—for a large proportion of the beefs and swine and calves brought daily to Berlin from the eastern provinces of Prussia and from beyond the empire's northern borders takes its way further, to France, Holland, Belgium, England. Municipal care, however, does not only comprise the marketing of food-stuff; it extends to the careful examination as to their quality. Food adulteration is—despite the strong incentive toward it—nowhere else so little practiced as here, but this is due wholly to the vigilance of the city hygiene department. A number of expert chemists and hygienists are busy all the time examining samples of every kind of material offered anywhere within the borders of the city to public sale. This includes not only milk, fruit, vegetables, but spices, coffees, teas, condiments, pickles, preserves, bread, cake, flour—in short, everything which in either shape finds its way subsequently into kitchen and upon the table. For the past year the percentage of adulterations in all those articles of food has been about two, and of serious, more or less dangerous adulterations and falsifications about one-half of one per cent. Offenders have in every instance been promptly punished, either by fine or jail, or both.

WOLF VON SCHIEBERAND.

Trade Trick.—"Mr. Willoughby," said Mr. Pailton, of Willoughby, Pailton & Co., "I am told you have ordered those new Lonsnets on sale at \$50. They'll never sell at that figure. In fact, they only cost \$22.29 apiece."

"I know that, Pailton, my boy, but next week we'll mark 'em down to \$25, and they'll go like hot cakes."—Harp's Bazar.

MYSTERIES OF THE LOUVRE.

Vague Stories of Imperial Crime Reach the Outside World.

Everyone who has "done" the Louvre will remember the low-pitched and somewhat gloomy halls in which are stored the treasures of Egypt. Beneath these lie yet more darkly mysterious vaults, inaccessible to the public, though approached by a wide and handsome staircase, such as would lead one to imagine that it communicated with apartments of some importance. Yet one finds at the bottom nothing but broad passages disposed in the form of a cross, and without any sign whatever of door or window.

A recent examination, however, of the solid walls gives experts reason to believe that the masonry is more recent than the rest of the structure in this, the oldest portion of the fortress palace. M. Vaugneux, a well-known critic, believes that many of the bodies of victims killed in the revolution of 1820 were immured here, and that the government was afraid to reveal the facts when the remains of their comrades were collected beneath the Colonne de Juillet.

On the other hand, M. Blondel, the architect of the building, and M. Normand, the secretary of the Society for Protecting Parisian Monuments, hold the opinion that these subterranean passages led to the oubliettes into which Catherine de Medicis cast those who were unfortunate enough to incur her hate or fear. A judicious exploration would clear up the matter, and settle, too, several doubtful points as to the foundations of Lesco's original citadel. Unfortunately, the annual grant does not provide for any such archaeological research, and it would be necessary to appeal for funds to the generosity of the chamber.—London Chronicle.

HAD BEGUN TO PROSPER.

A Pathetically Humorous Story Told of a Cumberland Mountain Farmer.

A writer in the Detroit Free Press tells a pathetically humorous story of a friend of his, Jack Negly, a Cumberland farmer. The writer had lent Jack a few dollars, with which to buy a pair of steers, and had received from him many visits of apology; for Jack was an honest man, and did not enjoy being in debt.

He was a renter, and at least every other season he was occupying a different farm. By my advice, he had moved the year before into an entirely new field, a dozen miles from his usual haunts, and I had not seen him for several months. When I did see him, at last, it was by accident as business called me into his neighborhood. As I rode past his place he hailed me from the corn-field and came out to the fence.

"Hello," I exclaimed. "Is this your farm?"

"Yes, and I just come over to tell you, colonel, that I'll be ready to pay part of that claim you're afore long."

"You must be doing well?"

"I think I'm doing fast-rate, and I'm powerful obliged to you, colonel, fer headin' me this way."

"I'm always glad to help, if I can."

"I knowed that, colonel, and that's why I come away over here so fer from home. Hit's kinder strange to me, but ez long ez I'm doin' ez well ez I am I'm a-goin' to stand hit."

"Are you making any money?"

Jim's face brightened perceptibly. "No, I ain't, colonel," he replied, hopefully; "but I'm losin' it slower'n I ever done in my life afore."

It struck me as rather odd at first, but upon reflection I concluded that Jim might have reason for his hopefulness.

EPITAPH ON A WATCHMAKER.

Carious Inscription Seen on a Tombstone in an English Graveyard.

The following curious inscription to the memory of George Routledge, a watchmaker by trade, occurs in the churchyard at Lydford, Devon: "Here lies, in horizontal position, the outside case of George Routledge, whose abiding in that line was an honor to his profession. Integrity was his mainspring, and prudence the regulator of all the actions of his life. Humane, generous and liberal, his hand never stopped till he had relieved distress. Sincerely regular were his motions. He never went wrong except when set agoing by people who did not know his key. Even then he was easily set right again. He had the art of disposing of his time so well that his hours glided in one continual round of pleasure and delight till an unlucky minute put an end to his existence. He departed this life, November, 1802, wound up in hope of being taken in hand by his Maker and of being thoroughly cleaned, repaired and set agoing in the world to come."

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Spring Medicine

Your blood in Spring is almost certain to be full of impurities—the accumulation of the winter months. Bad ventilation of sleeping rooms, impure air in dwellings, factories and shops, over-eating, heavy, improper foods, failure of the kidneys and liver properly to do extra work thus thrust upon them, are the prime causes of this condition. It is of the utmost importance that you

Purify Your Blood

Now, as when warmer weather comes and the tonic effect of cold bracing air is gone, your weak, thin, impure blood will not furnish necessary strength. That tired feeling, loss of appetite, will open the way for serious disease, ruined health, or breaking out of humors and impurities. To make pure, rich, red blood Hood's Sarsaparilla stands unequalled. Thousands testify to its merits. Millions take it as their Spring Medicine. Get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All Druggists. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

A SHINING EXAMPLE of what may be accomplished by never varying devotion to a single purpose is seen in the history of the McCormick Harvesting Machine Co., Chicago.

For 65 years they have simply been building grain and grass-cutting machinery, and while there are probably forty manufacturers in this line, it is safe to say that the McCormick Company builds one-third of all the binders, reapers and mowers used throughout the entire world.

For your Protection CATARRH

we positively state that this remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug. Nasal Catarrh is a local disease and is the result of colds and sudden changes of temperature.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Opens and cleanses the nasal passages. Alleviates inflammation. Relieves the throat. Prevents the formation of mucus. Restores the senses of taste and smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. Price 25 cents at Druggists or by mail.

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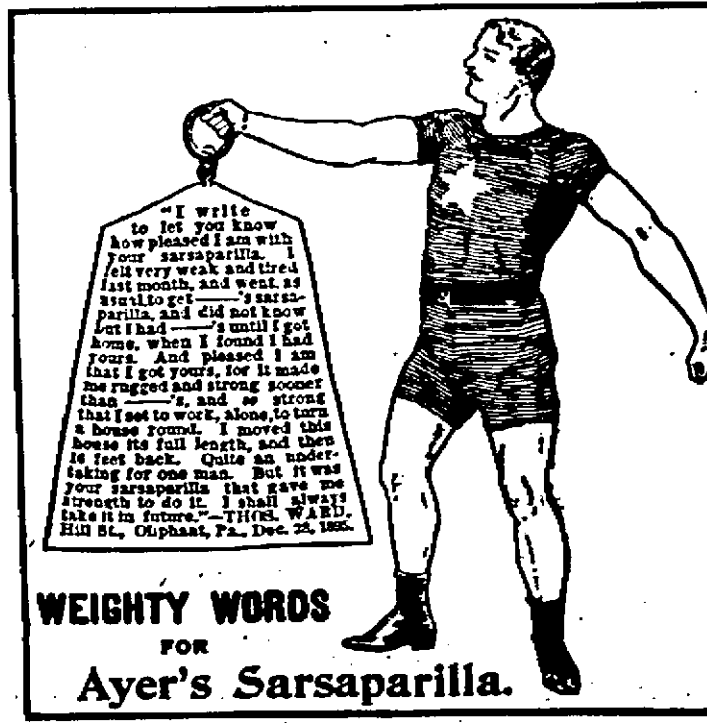
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WEIGHTY WORDS

FOR

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Will Build a Railroad.
The committee appointed by a recent mass-meeting to consider the project of a Cumberland connection with the Soo railroad met in Cumberland and decided to recommend the incorporation of an independent company to build an air line road from Cedar Falls to Superior, a distance of 120 miles. This would form a connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road at Cedar Falls, with the Wisconsin Central at Warner, with the Sioux line at Spur Six and with the Omaha at Cumberland, thence it would penetrate the pine forests of Burnett and Douglas counties and form important railroad and lake connections at Superior.

Died Together.
John Hoefs and his wife, Matilda Hoefs, were found dead in their bed in Milwaukee. The bodies were discovered by Bertha, their only child, a girl of nine years. A post-mortem examination showed that both the deceased had died from the effects of arsenic. Neither the relatives nor the neighbors of the Hoefs family could account for the death of the couple, as there was no visible reason whatever for suicide. Mr. and Mrs. Hoefs lived happily together, were never known to quarrel, and were in comfortable circumstances.

Unsettled by Politics.
Two weeks ago John Schultz, of Alma, was in perfect mental and physical health. One day some friends induced him to allow his name to stand for nomination as mayor. A hot contest followed and Schultz was defeated for the nomination by one vote. The defeated candidate took to his bed and soon became so violent that it took six strong men to hold him. He has now been sent to the state insane asylum, a raving maniac. He lived alone with his wife, there being no children.

Makers of Potatoes.
A new demand for potatoes is opening to the farmers in the vicinity of Manawa. Local men have purchased the necessary machinery and have begun work on a large whisky distillery which will be devoted exclusively to the distillation of potato whisky. Little of the "potato," as the Irish call it, has ever been made in this country, although it is preferred to grain whisky. A considerable quantity is imported, paying a heavy duty.

Milwaukee Mills Combine.
It is reported that the millers in Milwaukee have perfected their trust by making an agreement whereby one man is to do all the buying for them. This shuts out competition between the millers, and, it is said, places the holder of the wheat at their mercy. The price is fixed for a day, and when the buying is over the wheat is to be divided among the millers, all paying the same price for it.

Quite a Girl.
Residing with her mother and brothers and sisters in the town of Caledonia, not far from Portage, is a girl 17 years old who weighs 125 pounds. She is only middle height, comely of countenance, apparently healthy and wonderfully active, everything considered. Her name is Caroline Down. None of the other members of the family is of unusual weight or size.

An Editor Pardoned.
Mark H. Barnum, the Wausau editor who was convicted of libeling the deceased Ella Mally, for the poisoning of whom, at Richland Center, Rose Zeldoske is serving a term of life imprisonment, has been pardoned by Gov. Upham. Barnum was serving a six months' term in the Richland Center jail.

Bullets Stop His Flight.
Julius Zilke, who murdered in cold blood his employer, Edward Davis, a wealthy farmer, near Markesan Saturday night, April 4, and who had since eluded the officers, was captured in Appleton after a desperate struggle in which he was probably fatally shot by Policeman Garvey.

A Banker Found Guilty.
T. C. Shove, of Manitowoc, was in circuit court at Oshkosh convicted of fraudulent banking, the jury bringing in an unconditional verdict. Shove was the president of the Shore bank at Manitowoc, which assigned April 12, 1902.

The News Condensed.
The grand army post at Roscoe celebrated its 21st anniversary. Thomas Wall, of Oshkosh, a prominent lumberman and politician, dropped dead in the Wisconsin Central office in Milwaukee.

Hudson went dry by a small majority at the last election, and efforts were being made to test the validity of the vote in the courts.

The Wisconsin national guard will go into camp at Camp Douglas July 2.

Mrs. S. G. Sisson, a pioneer resident of Janesville, died in Idaho, while visiting a son. She was 79 years of age.

John Kupp, a banker of La Crosse, charged with feloniously receiving money, was captured at San Diego, Cal.

Ole Jerde, one of Dane county's lepers, died at his home in the town of Bristol.

The annual convention of the Wisconsin Federation of Labor will be held in Marquette, June 9.

The Central house was burned at Neeshaburg. The building was worth \$4,000.

The annual picnic of the Northern Illinois and Southern Wisconsin picnic association of the Modern Woodmen of America will be held in Janesville on Wednesday, June 10.

The Ogilvie Dry Goods company of Madison assigned. The assets were \$7,200 and the liabilities \$4,000.

While doing chores about L. Rosenbeimer's barn at Kewaunee, Peter Metz, the hostler, had his head mashed by a kick from a horse. He leaves a wife and two children.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

Trade Seems to Be Improving, But Merchants Are Wary.

New York, April 19.—R. G. Dun & Co. in their weekly review of trade say: "The sudden change from sleighing to midsummer heat has tested the prevalent idea that good weather only was needed to bring general improvement of business. Everywhere there has been more demand at wholesale and at the works has resulted, but not as yet in most lines. There is no abatement of the almost universal disposition to deal with unusual conservatism and not to anticipate future wants, and this has been especially conspicuous where combinations have been formed or prices advanced. "Partly because of low prices, which were again the lowest ever known, the volume of business represented by clearing-house exchanges, 15 percent larger than last year, is not more than retail business in April, 1901. Railroad earnings for April thus far show a gain of only 2.6 percent over last year. The stock market has grown stronger on stories about things done abroad, a few foreign purchases helping, though trusts weakened on the future of an anti-trust law by Gov. Morton. "Futures for the past week have been 22 in the United States, against 21 last year and 25 in Canada, against 21 last year."

BUILDINGS SWEEPED AWAY.

Severe Storm in Vernon County, Wis.—Live Stock Drowned.

La Crosse, Wis., April 19.—A storm which swept the western part of Vernon county was the worst in 20 years. Farms were washed into ridges and valleys, and barns, granaries and other outbuildings were swept away. A great deal of live stock, cattle, hogs and sheep are reported to have been drowned in the flood. The loss is estimated at \$20,000.

Olanah, Wis., April 19.—The village of the Indians on the Red river was flooded Friday. The entire village was under water. Much valuable property was destroyed. The town is in danger of being swept away.

Madison, Wis., April 20.—Cloudbursts in various parts of the state washed away bridges and culverts, lightning struck many buildings and heavy damage followed, and 15 cows and four horses were burned to death in Brighton.

GREETED THE BRIDE.

Gen. and Mrs. Harrison Hold an Informal Reception.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 17.—Ex-President and Mrs. Harrison gave the first of a series of informal receptions Thursday afternoon, and the occasion proved an enjoyable one to the friends that availed themselves of the opportunity to call and extend their congratulations. Mrs. Harrison wore a gown of white silk with trimmings of blue velvet, chiffon and lace, and the general was attired in conventional black with white silk vest. The double parlors, in which the guests were received, were tastefully decorated with roses, evergreens and plants, and delicate festoons of vines hung at the openings of the silk curtains.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Standing of Clubs in the National League for the Week Ending April 19.

The standing of the clubs of the National league is as follows:

Clubs	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Washington	10	4	.714
Pittsburgh	9	5	.643
Brooklyn	8	6	.571
Cleveland	7	7	.500
Philadelphia	6	8	.429
Chicago	5	9	.357
St. Louis	4	10	.286
Cincinnati	3	11	.214
Boston	2	12	.143
New York	1	13	.071
Baltimore	0	14	.000
Louisville	0	14	.000

Slain by Thieves.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 20.—Leo Hirth, a well-known and wealthy German citizen, living at 1020 West Washington street, where he conducted a large grocery business, was instantly killed at two o'clock Sunday morning by two masked men who were discovered in his bedroom, and whom he pursued into the rear of the house.

Eekels on Finance.

Cincinnati, April 19.—Hon. James H. Eekels, comptroller of the currency, addressed an audience of 2,000 Cincinnati business men last night. Mr. Eekels' address was on the subject of national finances and the currency from a gold standard point of view.

A Fatal Explosion.

Niehart, Mont., April 20.—An explosion occurred in the Broadwater mine by which seven men lost their lives and six others were seriously hurt. The accident took place in the magazine used for thawing powder.

THE MARKETS.

New York, April 20.			
LIVE STOCK—STEERS	10.00	10.00	10.00
Sheep	10.00	10.00	10.00
Hogs	10.00	10.00	10.00
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents	10.00	10.00	10.00
Wheat—No. 1 Hard	10.00	10.00	10.00
May	10.00	10.00	10.00
CORN—No. 2	10.00	10.00	10.00
OATS—Western	10.00	10.00	10.00
PORK—Mess, New	10.00	10.00	10.00
LARD—Refined	10.00	10.00	10.00
BUTTER—Western Cream	10.00	10.00	10.00
Eggs—Fresh	10.00	10.00	10.00
POULTRY—Turkeys	10.00	10.00	10.00
CHICKS—Hatchlings	10.00	10.00	10.00
EGGS—Hatchlings	10.00	10.00	10.00
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2	10.00	10.00	10.00
CORN—No. 2	10.00	10.00	10.00
OATS—No. 2	10.00	10.00	10.00
BARLEY—No. 2	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 1	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 2	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 3	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 4	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 5	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 6	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 7	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 8	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 9	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 10	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 11	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 12	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 13	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 14	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 15	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 16	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 17	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 18	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 19	10.00	10.00	10.00
WHEAT—No. 20	10.00	10.00	10.00

HER BOOK FRENCH.

Errors Made by a Boarding School Girl in Paris.

"It is a wise old saw which advises one 'not to go to France unless you know the lingo' and, indeed, it is desirable to know it pretty well if you wish to avoid humiliating little situations," said a Philadelphia young woman, in speaking of her experience. "I am an American girl, and, about a year ago, was rather proud of my boarding school French, but I am wiser now. We were a party of four—my parents, myself and a young lady, some years my senior, who had been my schoolmate, but was recently widowed. Our tour began in Germany, and as we were all densely ignorant of German, we were oftentimes compelled to depend greatly on gesture language, especially in out-of-the-way places, where they were no English-speaking hotel or railroad clerks and waiters. This gave us some decidedly comical experiences, though it was a revelation as to the capabilities of dumb show and pantomime, but on touching French soil I felt relieved and confident. Alas! for human pride! At the first practical test, though I could read the language easily enough, I found I could scarcely catch a word.

"The sounds seemed to fly like winged arrows, and it might have been Chinese, so far as my understanding it was concerned. Some of the more considerate, out of pure instinctive politeness, would speak very slowly, and then I could get along well enough, and in the course of a few days I began to recover some of my old confidence. My first real humiliation came at a restaurant in the Palais Royal, when I wanted a spoon (cuiller) and asked for a staircase (escalier). I got over that, however, but was caught shortly afterward with the word 'frappe' on the wine list, which stuck me altogether until a young Englishman told me it meant 'iced.' By this time the conceit was rapidly coming out of me, and two more little incidents brought on the catastrophe. Our party determined one day to go to the theater, and I undertook to ask the clerk of the hotel about it, and in what I thought the purest Parisian French told him we wanted a box, which I translated 'boite.' Unable quite to restrain his laughter, he said: 'Mademoiselle means a 'log.' I then discovered that 'boite' means a dry goods box, or any other kind, almost rather than one at a theater. But worse remained. I wanted to explain to some French people that my friend, the widow, was in mourning for her husband, and I tried to say 'elle est en deuil parce son mari est mort,' she is mourning because her husband is dead. Unfortunately my conjugation of verbal particles was weak, and I substituted the word 'mourir' for 'mort,' which made me say: 'She is in mourning because her husband is a codfish.'—Philadelphia Call.

SOME SPRING FASHIONS.

Coming Gowns Are Casting Their Shadows Before.

The large dry goods houses are not yet showing their Easter creations—it is still too early for that—and the only chance one has to see the newest gown is to call at these places just as the special orders for dresses are completed. Many orders are coming in to these houses from Nice, Cairo, Naples and the warmer climates, where their regular clientele are spending the winter months.

They demand the lighter spring gowns, and that has rather forced the season. The milliners, too, have had to respond to the early demand for spring hats, for with each street costume I have seen completed there has been some sort of a dainty straw hat that is to accompany the gown on its journey. An elegant tailor-made gown I saw at church was made of soft light gray camel-hair. The skirt was a full godet, with a narrow panel of deep moire velvet on the left side.

The panel and the bottom of the skirt were braided simply in small rows of black silk passementerie. The waist was jacket in effect, opening at the front over a white satin vest. The revers, which were rather narrow, came to a point at the bottom of the short, full laque. They were of the moire velvet edged with the braid. Down each seam of the jacket were rows of the braid. The turn-back cuffs of velvet on the full coat sleeves were also bordered with the braid, and the velvet lapels that stood out straight on each side of the tall satin collar had a finish of the braid.—Paris Letter.

Food to Burn.

The total amount of food needed for repair, for growth and for heating, physiology teaches us, is much less than is generally imagined, and it impresses us with the truth of the great Surgeon Alverthly's saying that "one-fourth of what we eat keeps us, and the other three-fourths we keep at the peril of our lives." In winter we burn up the surplus food with a limited amount of extra exertion. In summer we get rid of it literally at some extra risk of health, and, of course, to life. We cannot burn it. Our vital furnaces are lank, and we worry the most important working organs with the extra exertion of removing what would better never have been taken into the stomach.—Medical Journal.

At the Sleeping Room.

Immediately upon leaving the sleeping room in the morning, the windows should be all raised, full height, and the doors thrown open, to enable the fresh outside air to reach every corner of the apartment in free circulation. There is marvelous power in the air to sweeten and to purify. Very thoughtful people, who like things absolutely fresh and pure, are careful to turn back the bed-clothing in such a way that the air can touch every part which has been in contact with the sleeper. Or, better still, the bed-clothing is taken from the bed and spread upon chairs near the open window.—Woman's World.

Gypsies.

Sanitarians say that the use of kalsomine and paper on the walls promotes disease, owing to the fact that the glue and paste used, being animal matter, decays and breeds germs. To have the houses strictly healthful and clean, one should use a tinting or coloring of an animal nature. Permanent wall finishes are now made to overcome this objection, and at the same time, by their lasting character, to overcome the first objection to kalsomine, that it has to be washed off. The wall finishes harden with age, and can be recoated thirty or forty times, each successive coat cementing itself to the others and making the plaster wall so much stronger and better. One of the best known and most used of these permanent finishes is Gypsolite, called by the manufacturers, "The Everlasting, Healthful Finish," which adequately and truthfully describes it.

De Tuxedo—"You don't take enough exercise for a man of your habits." Old Soak—"Why, I have been shaking the dirt drive all the afternoon."—Philadelphia Record.

Half Fare to Virginia and Carolina.

April 21 and May 3 Home-owners' Excursion tickets will be sold from all points in the north and north-west over the "Big Four Route" and Chesapeake and Ohio, to Virginia and North Carolina at one fare for the round trip. Settlers looking for a home in the south can do no better than in Virginia. There they have cheap farm lands, no blizzards, no cyclones, mild winters, never fail to grow crops, cheap transportation and the best markets. Send for free descriptive pamphlet, excursion rates and time folders. U. S. F. T. T. N. W. P. A., 24 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

"I'll kiss you for my sister's sake." "Pray, don't forget yourself," she said. "I straightway took her at her word, and kissed her for myself instead."—Truth.

There is more Catarrh in this portion of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only reliable cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, and Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Correspondent.—New Yorker—"Are Philadelphia as slow as New Yorkers think they are?" Philadelphia (surprised)—"Do New Yorkers think we're slow?"—Truth.

Better Than Renard Gold
Is bodily comfort. This unspeakable boon is denied to many performers for whose ailments Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a promptly helpful remedy. The dyspeptic, the rheumatic, the nervous, persons troubled with biliousness or chills and fever, should lose no time in availing themselves of this comprehensive and genial medicine. It promotes appetite and nightly slumber.

HORACE appears in good humor while he censures, and therefore his censure has the more weight as supposed to proceed from judgment, not from passion.—Young.

A Child Enjoys.

The pleasant flavor, grateful action, and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be constipated or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

"There's a pretty wif," quoth the monarch. "Ay, and a dry humor," replied the kester. Whereupon the king pushed the button.—Philadelphia Record.

Firs stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy. Not a single case of Marasmus, Gravel, Gleet, or Stricture, but free. Dr. Kline, 631 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The discovery of what is true, and the practice of that which is good, are the two most important objects of philosophy.—Voltaire.

Did you write The N. G. Hamilton Pub. Co., of Cleveland, Ohio, about their Life of McKinley? Better do so—chance to make money rapidly.

Mr.—"Do you believe in love at first sight?" Miss Thirtynight—"Believe in any kind of love."—Somerville Journal.

FORGET FEELING LUNGS. Against Winter with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Small are the seeds fate does unheeded sow of slight beginnings to important ends.—Davensant.

Free Pike's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. PATTERSON, Lakeland, Mich., Nov. 5, 1901.

The measure of choosing well is whether a man likes what he has chosen.—Lamb.

Let them obey that know not how to rule.—Shakespeare.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.
If you pay \$4 to \$6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for \$3.

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS,

CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 shoes than any other maker in the world. None genuine unless name and mark is stamped on the bottom. Ask your dealer for cat. \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.50, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$9.50, \$10.00. TAKE \$3 SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and photo to your carriage. State kind of leather, color, and size. We will ship you a pair. Send for free illustrated Catalogue to Box 11.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

FARMS FOR SALE. A few choice Shire Horses, and some very fine. Write for particulars. REYES & WHITFIELD, ESTABLISH, Box 201.

OPIMUM and WHISKY. Write for particulars. Box 201. REYES & WHITFIELD, ESTABLISH, Box 201.

A. N. K.—G. 1601.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the advertisement in this paper.

Send me all the full and complete information you can give me in regard to the above.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

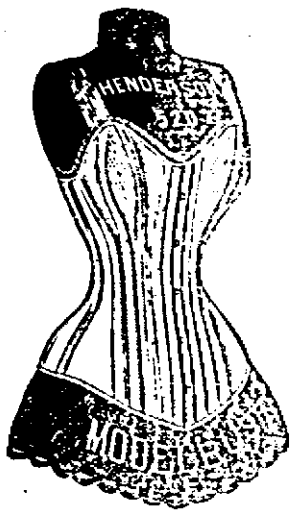
Queer Names.
"A Crick"—"A Stitch"
"A Twist"—"A Jam"
"A Halt"—"Raw Spots"
"Blue Spots"—"Dead Aches"
are all well known of flesh, bone, and muscle, and easily cured by **St. Jacobs Oil.**

Breakfast Cocoa
Made by Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., is "a perfect type of the highest order of excellence in manufacture." It costs less than one cent a cup.

Battle Ax
PLUG
"Big as a Barn Door."
For 5 cents you get almost as much "Battle Ax" as you do of other high grade goods for 10 cents. Before the days of "Battle Ax" consumers paid 10 cents for same quality. Now, "Battle Ax"—Highest Grade, 5 cents. That's true economy.

GYPSEINE.
Won't rub off!
Neither will Gypsolite!
Q. What is Gypsolite?
A. Gypsolite is a permanent and everlasting wall finish, entirely different from all kalsomine preparations.
Q. How is it more durable than kalsomine?
A. It is made from a Gypsum Rock cement base and grows hard on the wall with age.
Q. How about kalsomine?
A. They are but temporary, softening after a short time and have to be washed and scraped off. In fact, spot any wall with kalsomine, and they rub and scale.
Q. Will not Gypsolite rub and scale off?
A. No. When originally applied to a clean wall it is everlasting, and can be recoated at any time or when necessary, and sample circular.
Q. Is Gypsolite injurious to the health?
A. Unlike all poisonous wall paper held in with vegetable paste or whitewash and glue, Gypsolite is recommended by the leading physicians and sanitarians everywhere.
Q. Can anything but plain wall finishing be done with Gypsolite?
A. Any kind of freezing or relief decorating can be done with it.
Q. Where can I purchase it?
A. From your local paint dealer.
Q. How can I learn more about Gypsolite?
A. Ask your dealer or write for copy of Gypsolite Advocate and sample circular.

Ivers & Pond Pianos
HOW TO OBTAIN ONE EASILY.
In addition to our large wholesale and retail business, we have arranged a plan for supplying our pianos on Easy Payments to residents of any village or city in the United States where they are not sold by a local dealer.
We make first-class pianos, but one grade—the best. We refer to the New England Conservatory of Music, Boston, which has bought and has in daily use 125 Ivers & Pond Pianos.
Musically and in point of durability our pianos are not excelled. Catalogue and prices, both for cash and on easy payments, mailed promptly, free. Write for full information.
IVERS & POND PIANO COMPANY,
114 Boylston Street, Boston.



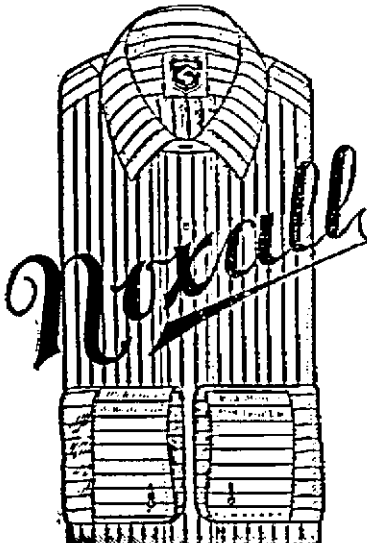
Corsets.

The foundation of good dress is in a perfect fitting corset. The Henderson Corset is the most perfect fitting corsets made and costs less than you are paying for what some call corsets.



Stockings.

Do you know that you can buy men's cotton socks with rib top and double heel and toe for 5 cents per pair of us? These are the same you are paying from 10 to 20 cents per pair for.

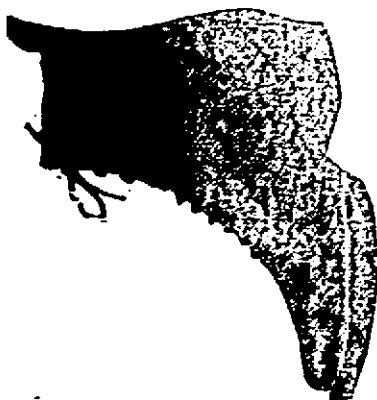


Shirts.

You know a good shirt when you see it.

A good fit, a stubborn, strong, tough wearing cotton in the body, a full, rounded thread, all linen, four-ply bosom, linen wristbands, full length and every other quality that excellence demands.

Combine all these and you have our 49 cent men's shirts. Laundered? Yes. But you pay more elsewhere, even at auction.



A good, well made Satin Calf Shoe for men at 85 cents per pair, all sizes, is what you can get from us. All new fresh goods and worth far more than any old time shop worn shoes.

Cash Department Store.

Mr. Screen is a Kansas Populist candidate. No wonder the party is thin.

Ashland county is to have a creamery this year. Oneida will have one next season.

American muscle compared very favorably with the Greek in the Olympic games.

The new navy being built by the U. S. Government is being watched by all foreign powers and we notice that some respect is being shown its prowess also.

"Gen." Coxey, announces that the election of a Populist president will have to be postponed another four years. Is it owing to the engagements, General?

The coronation of the Czar Nicholas II, at Moscow, will be attended by all the high dignitaries of the world. It will probably be the most elegant social event the world has ever known.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie, has authorized the trustees of the Carnegie Art Gallery to offer \$3,000 for the two best oil paintings by American artists. Mr. Carnegie evidently intends to become a citizen of the United States again.

A Detroit doctor thinks that the government should discontinue the use of paper money entirely as he knows of three cases where disease has been contracted by people handling it. None of them were in this office.

A modern "Joan of Arc" has been found in France, who predicts war between Spain and the Federal Government and a carnage in Europe in which the map of France and England will be changed. What's next in the line of curiosities?

A young novelist was once asked how he got such a vivid imagination of a battle scene. He replied by saying, "I got my sense of the rage of conflict on the football field." We would now like to ask Messrs. Corlett and Fitzsimmons for an explanation.

One of the inconsistencies of some peoples' opposition to Gov. Upham is shown when they declare that he must be turned down on account of the Treasury cases, and then bow for his successor a man who aided in bringing about the very thing which they condemn in the Governor.

"What is a dollar?" asks a Colorado exchange. A dollar is one of those little round, shining disks, a large collection of which by one man makes his wife think the family are a little better than the ordinary run of people. — Minneapolis Journal.

We see so few of them that it is hard to tell what they are from whence they come, or where they go.

A great many newspapers are devoting a large amount of space and brains to the criticism of the confession of H. H. Holmes, the Philadelphia murderer. If some young author has a rattling good story in book form to put before the public he is laughed at, but the press take up such a miserable thing as the confession and advertise it far and wide. We trust that the more sensible element will prevail and the book suppressed as it is an unfit publication for any one to read.

During the winter of 1895, F. M. Martin, of Long Beach, West Va., contracted a severe cold which left him with a severe cough. In speaking of how he cured it he says: "I used several kinds of cough syrup but found no relief until I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which relieved me almost instantly, and in a short time brought about a complete cure." When troubled with a cough or cold use this remedy and you will not find it necessary to try several kinds before you get relief. It has been in the market for twenty years and has constantly grown in favor and popularity. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle at the Palace Drug Store.

\$200.00 in Gold Given For selling a book of great interest and popularity. "Story of Turkey and Armenia" with full and graphic account of the massacres.

R. H. Woodward Company, Baltimore, Md., are offering \$200.00 to anyone selling 250 copies of their new book, "Story of Turkey and Armenia." This is a work of great interest and popularity. Many agents sell 15 copies a day. A graphic and thrilling account is given of the massacres of the Armenians which have aroused the civilized world. Agents are offered the most liberal terms and premiums. Freight paid and credit given. Write them immediately. Outfit 25 cents.

Save money on carpets by buying them at Gray's.

Mrs. E. O. Brown is visiting relatives at Waupaca.

A full line of spring hats in the latest blacks at Shafer's.

E. G. Squier entertained his brother over Sunday.

Have you looked at the new novelties in neck wear at Shafer's?

N. T. Baldwin and J. J. Reardon were down to Deerbrook last week after trout.

Don't pay \$50 to \$60 for a sewing machine when you can buy them at Gray's for \$22.50 and \$25.

Any lady or gentleman intending to purchase a bicycle cheap will find it to their interest to call and inspect my wheels now on exhibition at the Second Hand Store. I have as good a line of wheels as there is made and my prices are right. I. E. Mack.

St. Augustine's Guild will give a supper in the Cover building, on Stevens street, Tuesday, April 23. Following is the bill of fare: Cold Ham, Pork and Beans, Stuffed Eggs, Lemon Jelly, Pickles, Brown Bread, Hot Rolls, Cake and Coffee.

Health Commissioner Hinman will appoint his assistant to-day. As the assistant receives a good salary it is really the important end of the business. The doctor said last evening that it would be either I. Tuttle, the present assistant, or Mr. Hinman's partner, Fred Anderle.

Seven artists constitute the Scottish American Ladies' Quartette and company which appears at the Grand tonight. The following is clipped from the Republican and News, Harrisburg Pa:

Michelson & Schofield's Scottish American Lady Quartette & Company deservedly drew the largest house of the season. The performance is so even that it is hard to pick a favorite out of their ranks.

Hazelhurst.

Mr. J. C. White is still in Saginaw.

Mr. Frank Ellis was in town Monday night.

Mrs. Geo. A. Whitney Sundayed in Hazelhurst.

Mr. James Tirula spent Sunday in Tomahawk Lake station.

Mr. Jesse Sipes, who has been under the weather, is better.

Rev. Joyce held services in the school house Sunday morning.

Dr. H. D. Hull was in Rhinelander Friday afternoon between trains shopping.

Mr. George Barnhard leaves for his home in Chase, Mich., the latter part of this week.

Mr. Chas. Clarke, of Minocqua, has taken charge of the track of the H. & S. E. Ry.

The lake opened up Sunday from shore to shore and row boats are now numerous.

The Hazelhurst Athletic Club gave a dance Saturday night. Everyone enjoyed themselves.

The base ball enthusiasts of the Athletic Club were out limbering up Sunday. Ye clubs in the near vicinity beware.

Miss Maggie Smith and Mr. Dan Hinds, chartered by Mrs. Taggart, enjoyed a moonlight row on Lake Katherine Monday evening.

Mr. Will Stoker, who has been sick with a severe cold for the last six weeks, is out again and expects to go to work in a few days.

Mr. Ryan Manthly and Miss Edith Carst are to be married a week from Wednesday. Both are well known young people of this place.

Engineer Whitney has purchased a half interest in a wash board and tub and spends his evenings scouring up his overalls. George makes quite a good laundryman.

HAZEL.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Itch Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chafe, Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cole's Conditioner. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

IN COURT (CHIEF, ONEIDA COUNTY).

Letters of administration having been issued to Catherine Miller on the estate of Nicholas Miller, late of Oneida County, deceased.

It is ordered that the time said and including the first Tuesday of November, 1906, be and hereby is allowed for the creditors of said Nicholas Miller, deceased, to present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, that all claims and demands against the said Nicholas Miller, deceased, be verified, examined and adjusted, as aforesaid, and if the time be limited for creditors to present their claims be given by publication of this order and notice for four successive weeks, once in each week, in the New North, a weekly newspaper, published in the City of Oneida, in said County, at the regular term thereof to be held on the first Tuesday of December, 1906.

It is further ordered that notice of the times and places at which such claims and demands will be received, examined and adjusted, as aforesaid, and if the time be limited for creditors to present their claims be given by publication of this order and notice for four successive weeks, once in each week, in the New North, a weekly newspaper, published in the City of Oneida, in said County, at the regular term thereof to be held on the first Tuesday of December, 1906. Dated April 20, 1906. J. W. McGOWEN, County Judge.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This is the best medicine in the world for bowel complaints. It acts quickly and can always be depended upon. When reduced with water it is pleasant to take. Try it, and like many others you will recommend it to your friends. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle at the Palace Drug Store.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, of Rhinelander.

Capital and Surplus \$50,000. Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Bank Corner Davenport and Stevens Streets.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK, Capital \$50,000. Surplus, \$30,000.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Brown Street Rhinelander, Wis.

PHYSICIANS.

T. B. McINDOE, Physician & Surgeon, Rhinelander, Wis. Office Corner Brown and Davenport Streets.

S. R. STONE, Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Special attention given to Chronic Troubles. Telephone D. 1, Long, 2 short rings. MERCHANTS STATE BANK BUILDING. RHINELANDER.

F. L. HINMAN, Physician and Surgeon.

Office in Hinman Building, opp. Post Office. Night Calls answered from residence—Hinman Building, opp. P. O. (opposite). Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

DR. KOPELMAN

Office in Briggs' Block, North Side. Carry a full line of Drugs and Patent Medicines, Confectionery, Stationery and Wall Paper. Prices the lowest. Call and see me.

ATTORNEYS.

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Collections promptly attended to. Office in Merchants State Bank building.

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Collections sharply looked after. Office over First National Bank.

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WALKER & WALKER, Attorneys at Law.

Office on Davenport Street. Rhinelander, Wis.

PAUL BROWNE, Attorney at Law.

Collections a Specialty. Rhinelander, Wis.

A. W. SHELTON, Attorney at Law.

Special attention paid to domestic law and contests. Rhinelander.

F. A. HILDEBRAND, DEALER IN FURNITURE.

My Stock is Complete and my Prices Reasonable. Your Patronage is solicited.

An expert embalmer and funeral director in readiness at all times. Call before purchasing.

RHINELANDER. - WIS.

AUCTION SALE

Now on at

Spafford & Cole's

Everything going under the hammer. Sale from 2 p. m. until evening every day. Private sale at all times.

Spafford & Cole.

Hundreds of Patterns of

Wall Paper

Prices from 3 cents per roll, up. Call and see samples.

PALACE DRUG STORE.

A. H. MARKS & CO.

Our Refrigerators and Gasoline Stoves Have Arrived

and are going fast. You must select the one you want immediately or get left on choice.

Garden Hose and Tools

the Best Made and at Lowest Prices.

LEWIS HARDWARE CO.

If you wish to see something that is all it is represented to be, and, in its line, complete and unrivalled, you will look at the line of



All Standard and makes.

Every pair Guaranteed.

SHOES AT SHAFER'S

M. W. SHAFER, Brown St.

Globe Barber Shop and Bath Room.

STEVENS STREET, South of Rapids House

Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing, etc., done in first-class order, as now but the best of workmen are employed. A hot or cold water bath can be secured at a very reasonable price, and satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a call and be convinced.

RHINELANDER, WIS.

THE MILD POWER CURES

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for nearly half a century by the people with entire success.

1 - Fever, Congestion, Inflammation. 2 - Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Cuts. 3 - Teething, Colic, Crying, Watery Stools. 4 - Diarrhea, of Children or Adults. 5 - Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis. 6 - Neuralgia, Toothache, Rheumatism. 7 - Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo. 8 - Dropsy, Biliousness, Constipation. 9 - Suppressed or Painful Periods. 10 - Whites, Too Profuse Periods. 11 - Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness. 12 - Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eczema. 13 - Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains. 14 - Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague. 15 - Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head. 16 - Whooping Cough. 17 - Kidney Diseases. 18 - Nervous Debility. 19 - Urinary Weakness. 20 - Sore Throat, Quinsy, Diphtheria. "77" for HAY FEVER. Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. 25c. or 50c. per box. (May be secured, without cost, by sending 10c. to Dr. J. C. Humphreys, 111 & 113 William St., New York.)

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from overwork or other causes. \$1 per box, or 5 trials and large trial powder, for 50c. sent by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

J. A. WHITING, VETERINARY : SURGEON And DENTIST. Office at Julia & Chas's Livery. Rhinelander, Wisconsin.